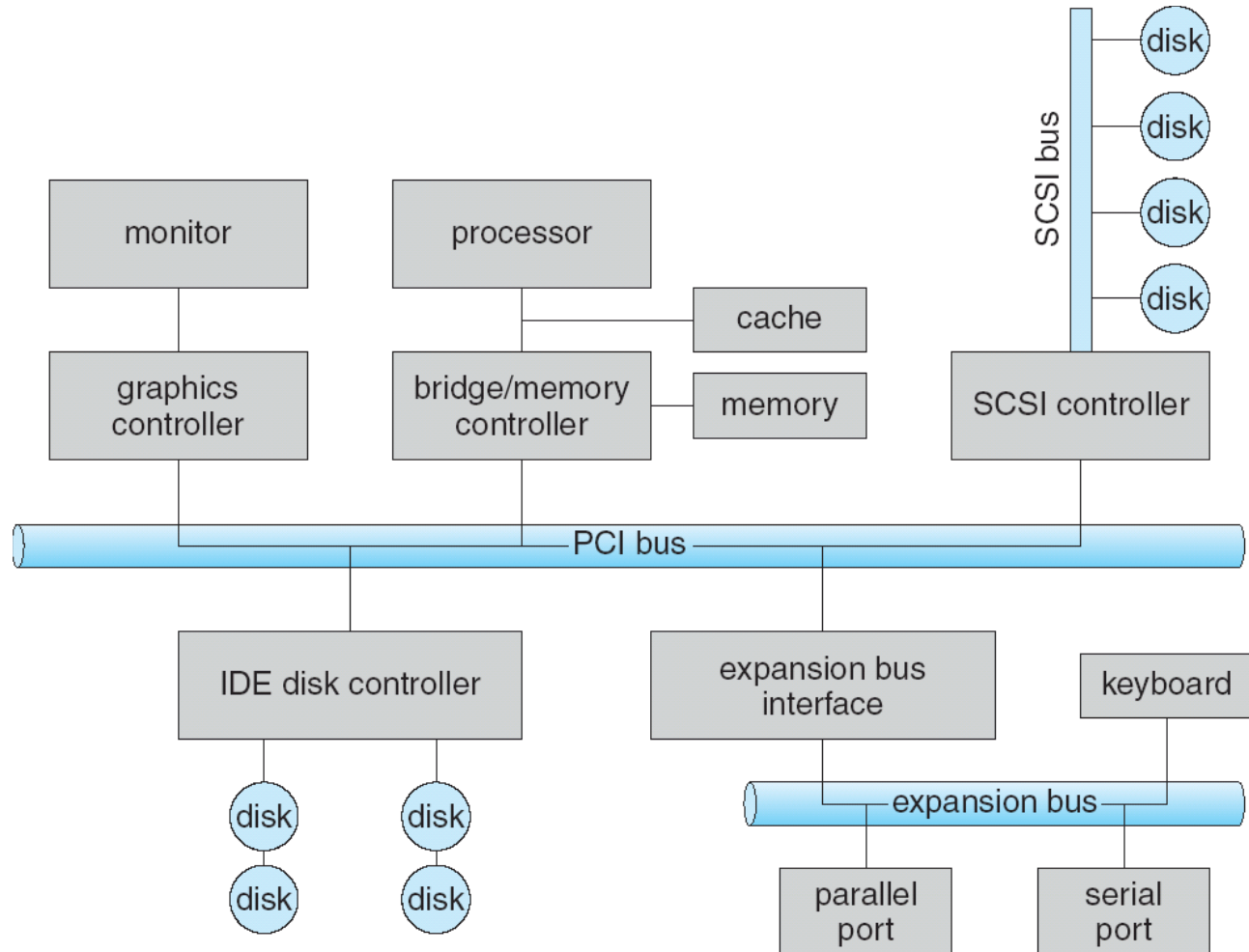# CSc 360
Operating Systems
I/O Systems

Jianping Pan

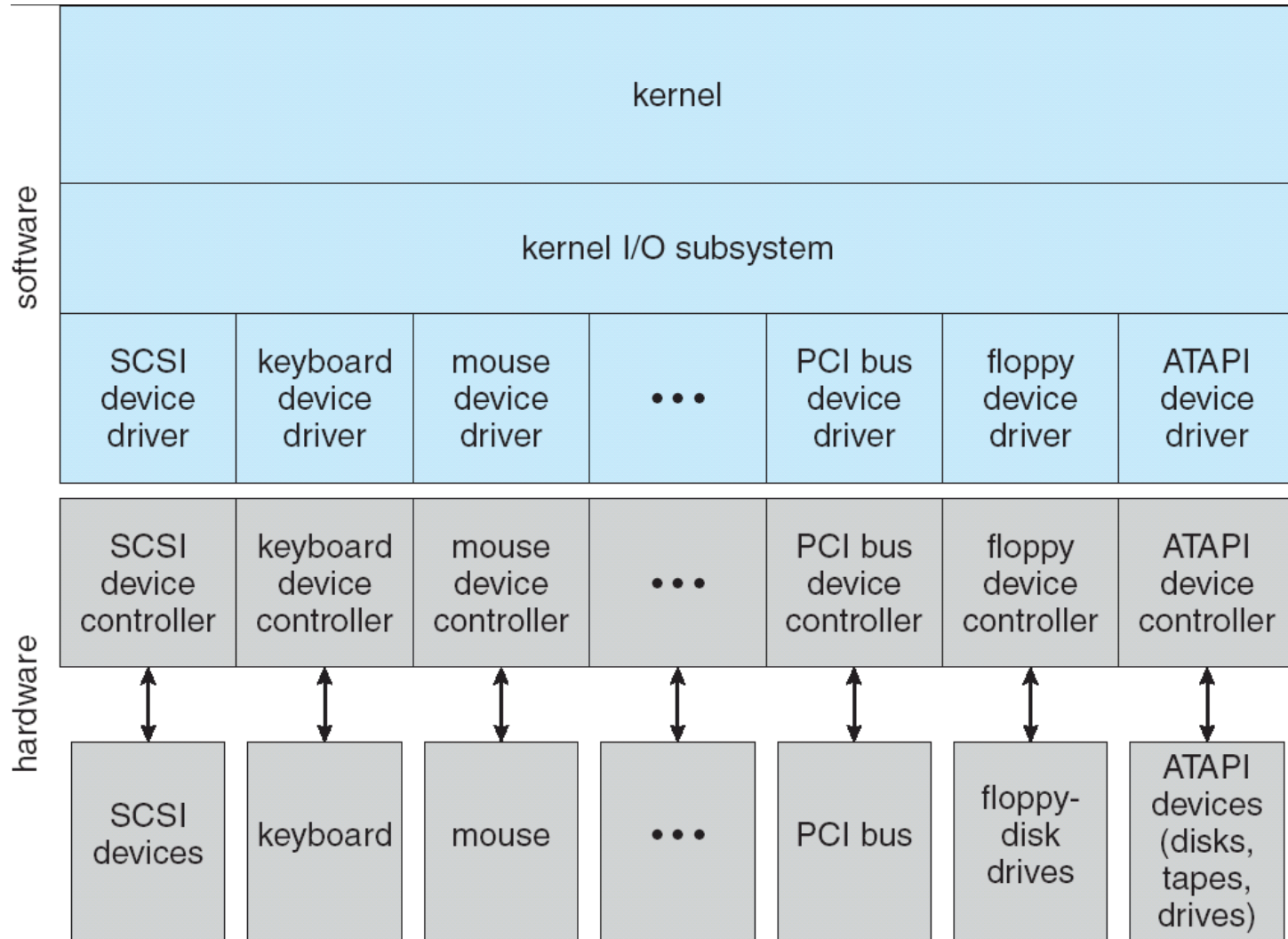Summer 2015

I/O structure

- I/O access
  - port number
  - interrupt #
  - DMA number

- E.g.,
  - PC

I/O access

- Polling: busy, ready, error
  - "busy-wait"
- Interrupt: event-driven
  - asynchronous operation
  - interrupt controller
- DMA: bulk transfer
  - high-speed I/O
  - DMA controller
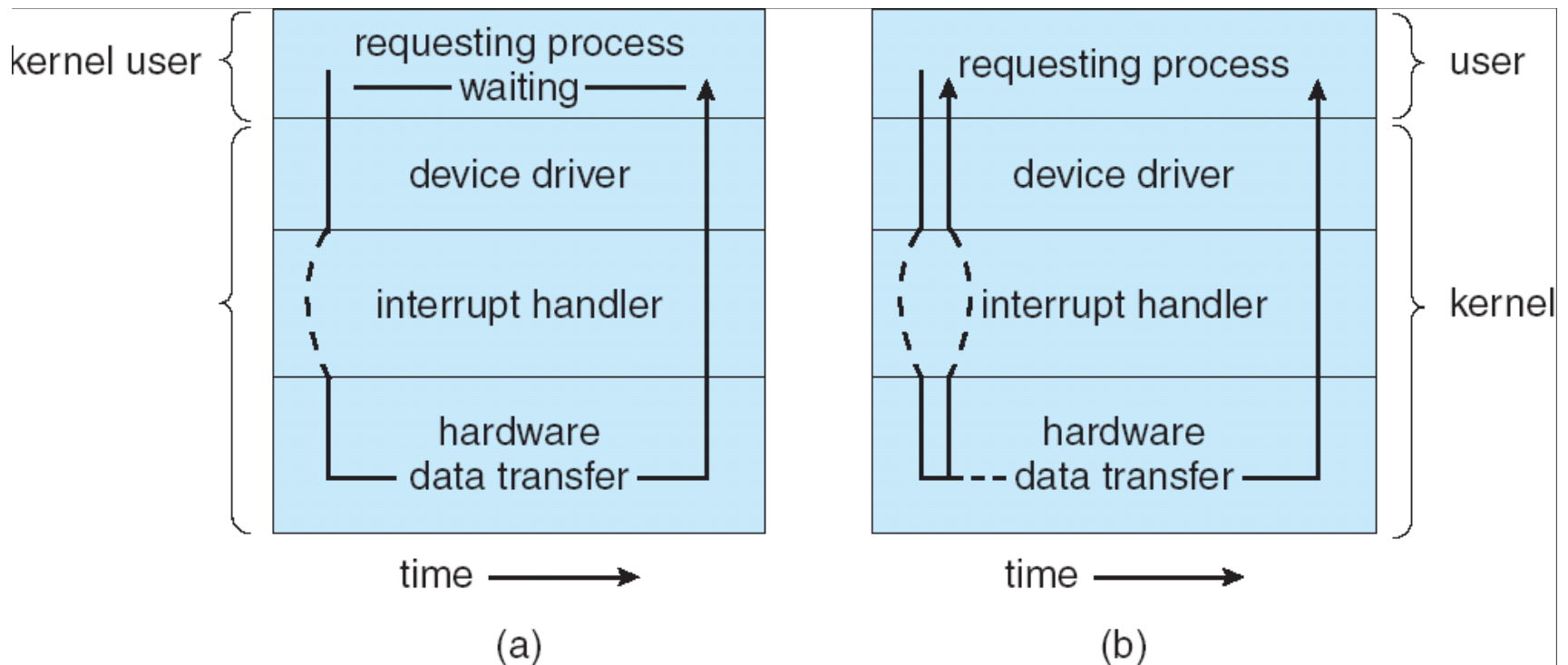
Kernel I/O structure

I/O characteristics

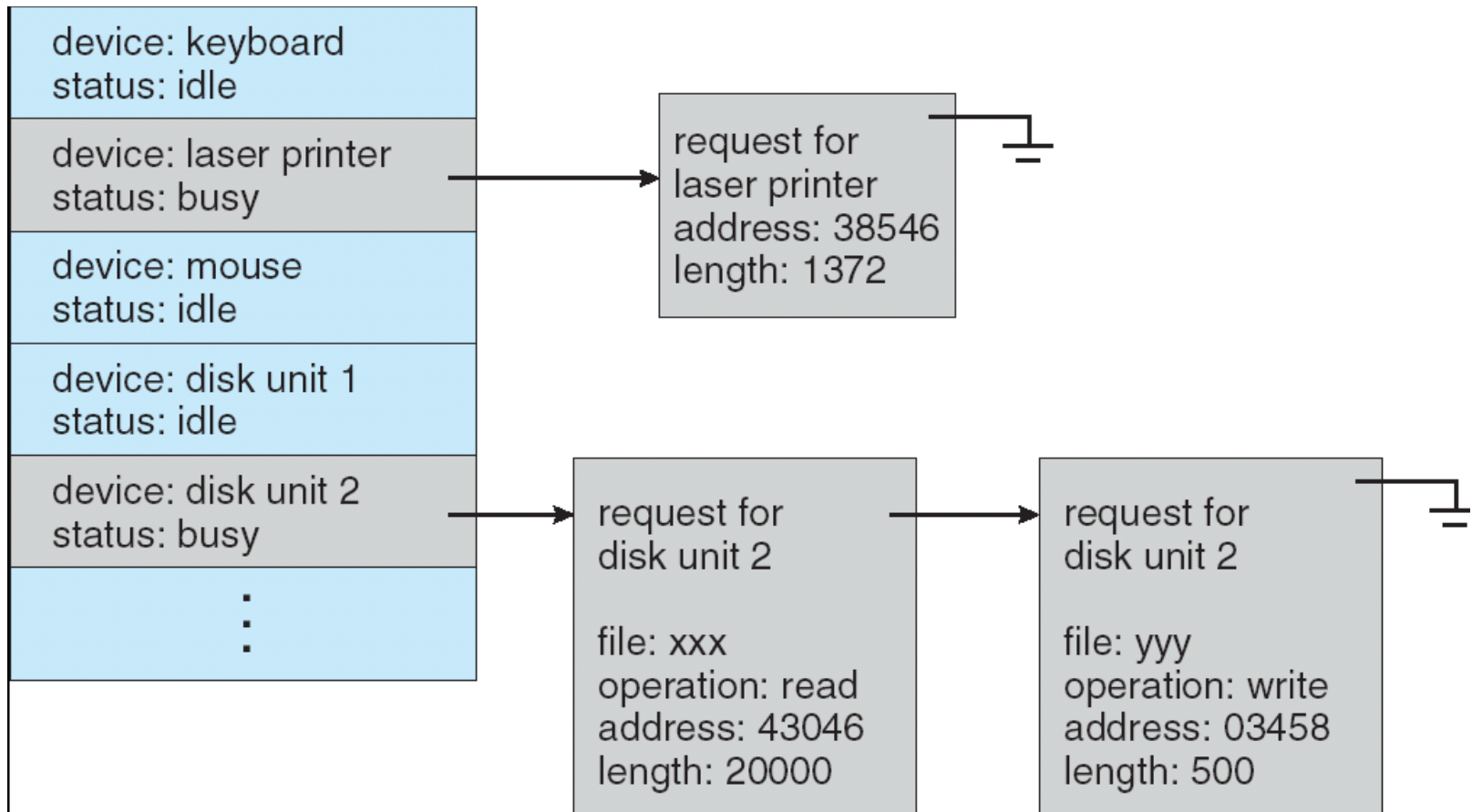| aspect	variation	example
data-transfer mode	character block	terminal disk
access method	sequential random	modem CD-ROM
transfer schedule	synchronous asynchronous	tape keyboard
sharing	dedicated sharable	tape keyboard
device speed	latency seek time transfer rate delay between operations	
I/O direction	read only write only read–write	CD-ROM graphics controller disk

Common devices

- Block device
  - e.g., disk drive
  - random access: read, write, seek
- Character device
  - e.g., keyboard, serial port
  - sequential access: getc, putc
- Network device
  - e.g., socket

Asynchronous I/O

- Also, blocking vs non-blocking I/O

I/O scheduling

device: keyboard
status: idle

device: laser printer
status: busy

device: mouse
status: idle

device: disk unit 1
status: idle

device: disk unit 2
status: busy

request for
laser printer
address: 38546
length: 1372

request for
disk unit 2

file: xxx
operation: read
address: 43046
length: 20000

request for
disk unit 2

file: yyy
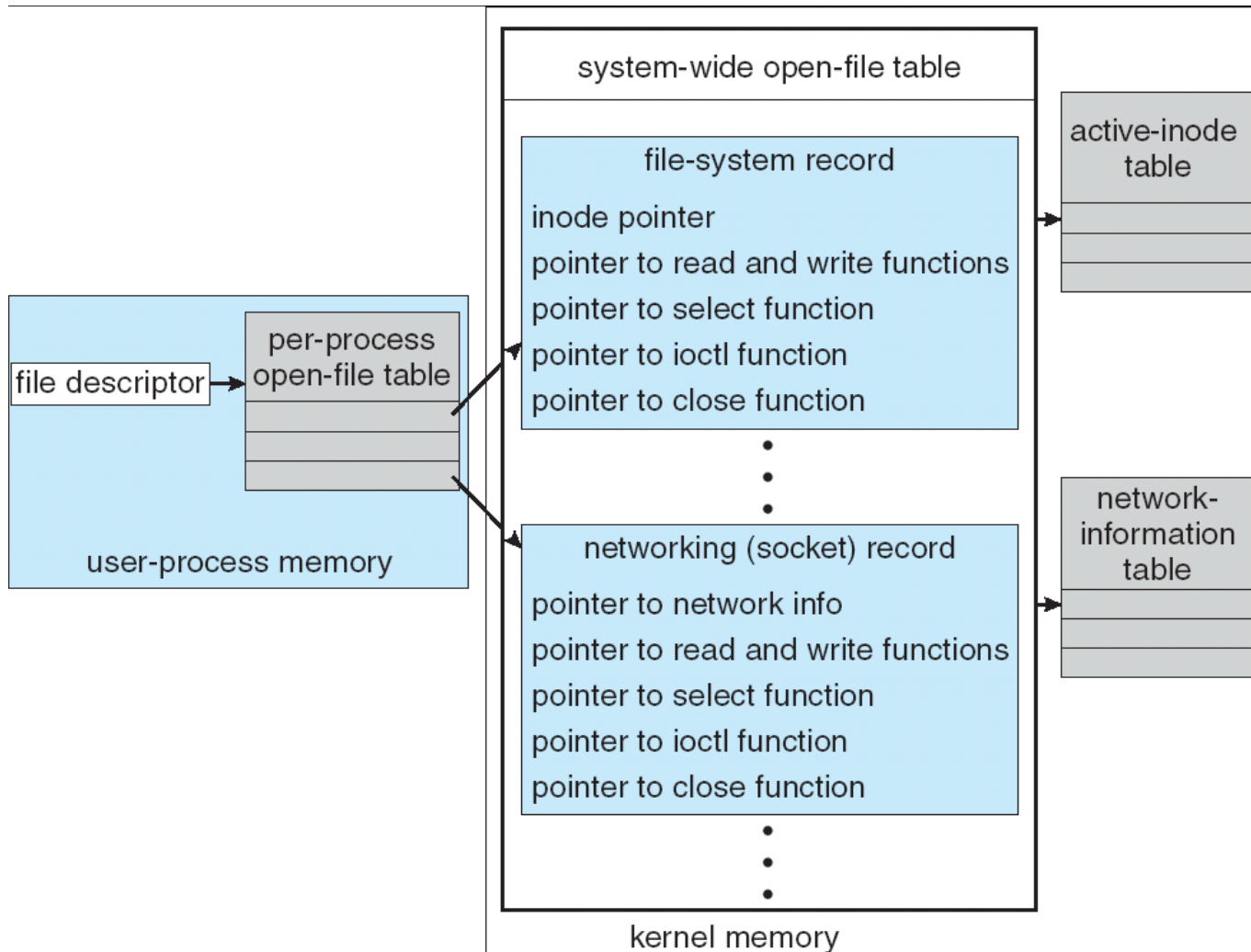operation: write
address: 03458
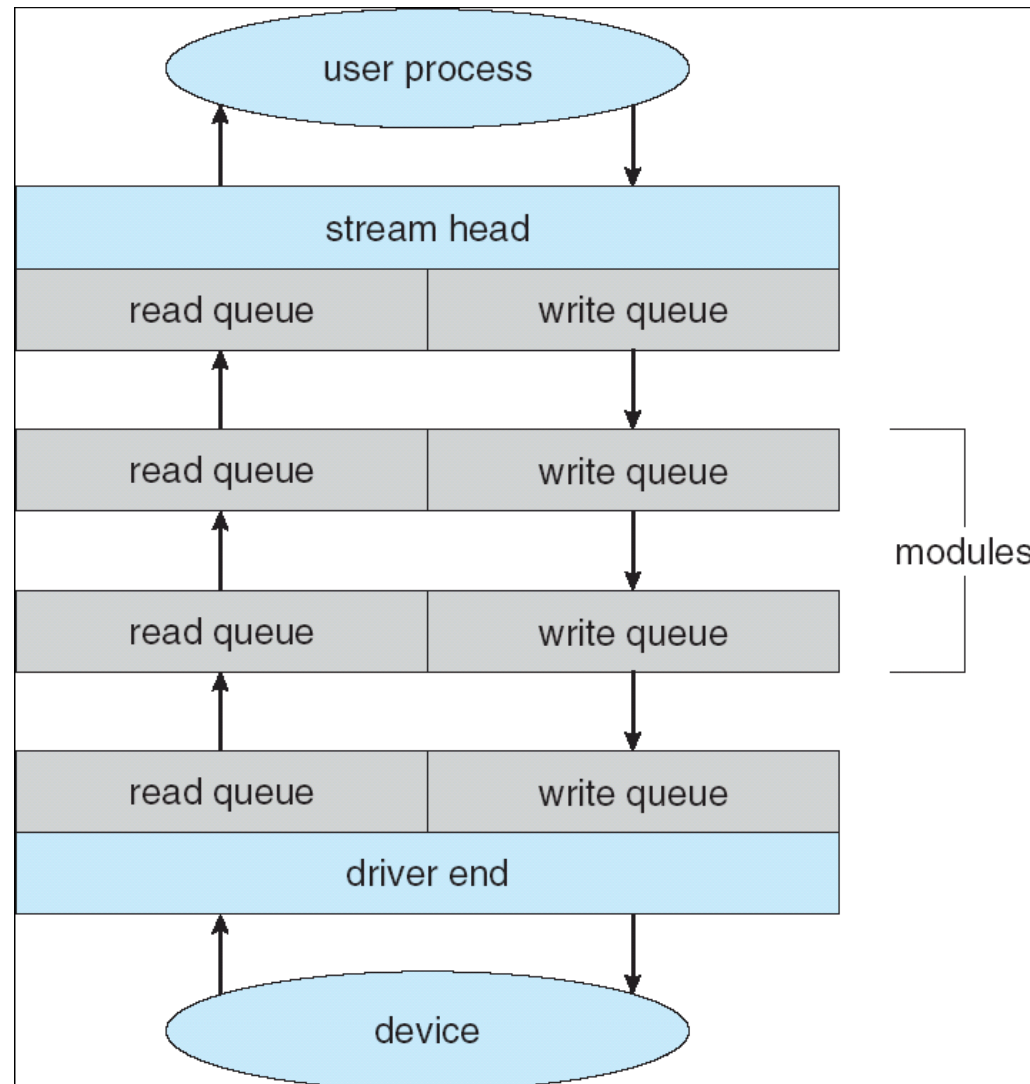length: 500

More on I/O systems

- Caching
  - I/O is relatively slow
- Spooling
  - one job at a time
- Reservation
  - be aware of deadlock
- Error handling
- Protection: I/O access is privileged

Unix I/O structure

STREAMS structure

- Full-duplex
  - btw dev and usr
- Unix Sys V
- Stream head
- Modules
  - read/write queue
- Driver end

user process

stream head	
read queue	write queue

read queue	write queue

modules

read queue	write queue

read queue	write queue
driver end	

device

This lecture

- I/O systems
  - I/O structures
  - I/O devices
    - block, character, network, etc
  - I/O access
    - polling, interrupt, DMA
- Again, the main focus of this course
  - process, memory, storage management!